AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 1, 2009 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 27, 2009

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2009–10 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 666

Introduced by Assembly Member Jones (Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Nava)

February 25, 2009

An act to add Section 66474.02 to the Government Code, and to amend Section 4290 of the Public Resources Code, relating to subdivisions.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 666, as amended, Jones. Subdivision maps.

(1) Existing *law*, the Subdivision Map Act, requires the legislative body of a city or county to deny approval of a tentative map, or a parcel map for which a tentative map was not required, unless it makes certain findings.

This bill would require the legislative body of a county to make 3 specified findings before approving a tentative map, or a parcel map for which a tentative map was not required, for an area located in a state responsibility area or a very high fire hazard severity zone, as defined.

(2) Existing law requires the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection to adopt regulations implementing minimum fire safety standards related to defensible space which are applicable to state responsibility area lands under the authority of the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, and provides that these regulations apply to the perimeters and access to all residential, commercial, and industrial

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building construction within state responsibility areas approved after January 1, 1991.

This bill would require the board, prior to January 1, 2011, to initiate the *a* rulemaking process to consider adopting regulations requiring a minimum of 2 separate access roads—from different geographical directions for a subdivision in a state responsibility area *or very high fire hazard severity zone*.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 66474.02 is added to the Government 2 Code, to read:

66474.02. Before approving a tentative map, or a parcel map for which a tentative map was not required, for an area located in a state responsibility area or a very high fire hazard severity zone, as both are defined in Section 51177, a legislative body of a county shall make the following three findings:

- (a) A finding supported by substantial evidence in the record that the design and location of each lot in the subdivision, and the subdivision as a whole, would allow improvements, such as roads, turnarounds, defensible space, and emergency water systems, to be made consistent with any is consistent with any applicable regulations adopted by the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection pursuant to—Section 4290 Sections 4290 and 4291 of the Public Resources Code.
- (b) A finding supported by substantial evidence in the record that structural fire protection and suppression services will be available for the subdivision through any of the following entities:
- (1) A county, city, special district,—or political subdivision of the state, or another entity organized solely to provide fire protection services that is monitored and funded by a county or other public entity.
- (2) The Department of Forestry and Fire Protection by contract entered into pursuant to Section 4129, 4142, or 4144 of the Public Resources Code.
- (c) A finding that ingress and egress for the subdivision meets the regulations regarding road standards for fire equipment access adopted pursuant to Section 4290 of the Public Resources Code.

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SEC. 2. Section 4290 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

- 3 4290. (a) The board shall adopt regulations implementing 4 minimum fire safety standards related to defensible space which 5 are applicable to state responsibility area lands under the authority 6 of the department. These regulations apply to the perimeters and 7 access to all residential, commercial, and industrial building 8 construction within state responsibility areas approved after January 1, 1991. The board may not adopt building standards, as defined 10 in Section 18909 of the Health and Safety Code, under the authority 11 of this section. As an integral part of fire safety standards, the State 12 Fire Marshal has the authority to adopt regulations for roof 13 coverings and openings into the attic areas of buildings specified in Section 13108.5 of the Health and Safety Code. The regulations 14 15 apply to the placement of mobile homes as defined by National 16 Fire Protection Association standards. These regulations do not 17 apply where an application for a building permit was filed prior 18 to January 1, 1991, or to parcel or tentative maps or other 19 developments approved prior to January 1, 1991, if the final map 20 for the tentative map is approved within the time prescribed by 21 the local ordinance. The regulations shall include all of the 22 following:
 - (1) Road standards for fire equipment access.
 - (2) Standards for signs identifying streets, roads, and buildings.
 - (3) Minimum private water supply reserves for emergency fire use.
- 27 (4) Fuel breaks and greenbelts.

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- (b) These regulations do not supersede local regulations which equal or exceed minimum regulations adopted by the state.
- (c) Prior to January 1, 2011, the board shall initiate—the *a* rulemaking process to consider adopting regulations requiring a minimum of two separate access roads from different geographical directions for a subdivision located in a state responsibility area or a very high fire hazard severity zone. If adopted, the rule shall be applicable so as to require at least two separate access roads, based on, among other things, the geographical and topographical situation of a subdivision, the feasibility of requiring two separate

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- 1 access roads, ownership patterns, the ability of future phases to
- 2 provide access, and the predominant known wind patterns.